

Application: (determinants) Let

$$A = (A_{ij})_{i,j=1}^n \in M_n(\mathbb{R})$$

(can substitute your favorite field for \mathbb{R})

We can now fully define the

determinant of A to be

$$\det(A) = \sum_{\sigma \in S_n} (\epsilon(\sigma) \cdot A_{1,\sigma(1)} A_{2,\sigma(2)} \cdots A_{n,\sigma(n)})$$

$$= \sum_{\sigma \in S_n} (\epsilon(\sigma) \prod_{i=1}^n A_{i,\sigma(i)})$$

Check for $n=2$

2 permutations, e and $\sigma = (12)$

$$\det(A) = \underbrace{\sum(e)}_1 A_{1,e(1)} \cdot A_{2,e(2)}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\sum(\sigma)}_{-1} A_{1,\sigma(1)} \cdot A_{2,\sigma(2)}$$

$$\det(A) = A_{1,1} A_{2,2} - A_{1,2} A_{2,1} \quad \checkmark$$