

$$\omega' 23 \quad E_{\text{exc}} 3$$

1) a) $0, 1, \frac{3}{4}$

b) $2, 4, -10$

c) $\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$

$$2) \quad \hookrightarrow \quad c = 6$$

$$\hookrightarrow \quad a_n = \frac{(3x-18)^n}{\sqrt{2n+1}}$$

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{(3x-18)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{2(n+1)+1}} = \frac{(3x-18)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{2n+3}}$$

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{(3x-18)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{2n+3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2n+1}}{(3x-18)^n}$$

$$= \frac{(3x-18)^{n+1}}{(3x-18)^n} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2n+1}}{\sqrt{2n+3}}$$

$$= (3x-18) \sqrt{\frac{2n+1}{2n+3}}$$

$$\left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| = \left| 3x^{-18} \right| \sqrt{\frac{2n+1}{2n+3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(3x^{-18} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2n+1}{2n+3}} \\ &= \left| 3x^{-18} \right| \sqrt{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{2n+3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{2n+3} \stackrel{H\ddot{o}pital}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{2} = 1, \text{ so}$$

we get

$$|3x^{-18}| < 1$$

$$-1 < 3x^{-18} < 1$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} < x^{-6} < \frac{1}{3}$$

$$R = \frac{2/3}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$3) \text{ a)} \quad \frac{7^{n-4}}{2^{3n-7}} = \frac{2^7}{7^4} \cdot \frac{7^n}{2^{3n}} =$$

$$\frac{2^7}{7^4} \cdot \frac{7^n}{8^n} = a_n$$

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{7^{n+1}}{8^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{2^7}{7^4}$$

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{7^{n+1}}{8^{n+1}} \cdot \cancel{\frac{2^7}{7^4}} \cdot \cancel{\frac{7^4}{2^7}} \cdot \frac{8^n}{7^n}$$

$$= \frac{7^{n+1}}{7^n} \cdot \frac{8^n}{8^{n+1}}$$

$$= \frac{7}{8}, \quad \text{geometric}$$

$$\left| \frac{7}{8} \right| = \frac{7}{8} < 1, \text{ so}$$

the series converges to

$$\frac{\frac{7}{3-4}}{1 - \frac{7}{8}} = \frac{\frac{7}{1}}{\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)} = 2/7$$

$$b) \quad a_n = \frac{1}{10^{n^2}}$$

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{1}{10^{(n+1)^2}} = \frac{1}{10^{n^2+2n+1}}$$

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{10^{n^2}}{10^{n^2+2n+1}} = 10^{-2n-1}$$

not geometric

$$24) \left(\frac{n}{n+7} \right)^{6n}$$

$$= \left(\frac{n+7-7}{n+7} \right)^{6n}$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{7}{n+7} \right)^{6n}$$

$$= \ln \left(1 - \frac{7}{n+7} \right)^{6n}$$

$$= 6n \ln \left(1 - \frac{7}{n+7} \right)$$

$$= e$$

$$6n \ln \left(1 - \frac{7}{n+7} \right)$$

$$= 6 \cdot \frac{\ln \left(1 - \frac{7}{n+7} \right)}{1/n}$$

$$6 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{7}{n+7}\right)}{y_n}$$

$$\stackrel{114}{=} 6 \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{7}{n+7}} \cdot -7 \cdot -\frac{1}{(n+7)^2}}{-\frac{1}{n^2}}$$

$$\stackrel{114}{=} -42 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{(n+7)^2 - 7 \cdot (n+7)}$$

$$\stackrel{114}{=} -42 \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n}{2(n+7) - 7}$$

$$\stackrel{114}{=} -42 \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{2} = -42$$

Final answer : e⁻⁴²