

## Math 215 Homework 1

**READ ME:** Except where indicated, merely finding the answer to a problem is not enough to receive credit. You must show how you arrived at that answer.

- 1) Find an equation for the plane that passes through the point  $(2, 0, 1)$  and is parallel to  $4x + 2y - 7z + 5 = 0$ .
- 2) A plane  $P$  contains the points  $(-4, 0, 9)$ ,  $(6, -10, -5)$ , and  $(7, -2, 3)$ .
  - a) Find a UNIT normal vector to  $P$ .
  - b) Use your answer from part a) to determine the equation of  $P$ .
- 3) Calculate the area of the parallelogram determined by the vectors  $\langle 6, -20, 8 \rangle$  and  $\langle -13, 1, -9 \rangle$ .
- 4) You are using your favorite wrench, Trusty, to turn a bolt. If Trusty is 30 cm long and you apply a force of 2000N (roughly  $1/4$  the force of your average alligator bite) at an angle of 30 degrees ( $\pi/6$  radians) from horizontal, how much torque does the unfortunate bolt endure?
- 5) Determine the equation of the line orthogonal to the plane  $3x - 8y + 17z = -34$  that passes through the point  $(-1, 5, -21)$ .

- 6) Find a parametric equation for the line

$$l_1 := x + 1 = \frac{2 - y}{3} = \frac{z - 1}{2}.$$

Then determine whether  $l_1$  intersects the line

$$l_2 := \frac{1 - x}{2} = \frac{y + 1}{6} = \frac{-z}{3}.$$

If they intersect, find the point of intersection.

- 7) Compute the derivative of  $f(t) = \left\langle \arctan(t^2 + 1), e^{\sin(t)}, \ln\left(\frac{2t + 1}{t - 6}\right) \right\rangle$ .
- 8) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $g(t) = \langle \cos(\pi t^3), t \ln(t) \rangle$  at the point  $(-1, 0)$ .

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9) Determine whether  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t)$  exists if

$$f(t) = \left\langle \sqrt{t+2} - \sqrt{t}, \left(\frac{t}{3+t}\right)^t \right\rangle.$$

If the limit exists, compute it.

10) (4 points) Describe the surface that the curve  $\langle t \sin(t), t, t \cos(t) \rangle$  lies on both geometrically and with equations (no justification necessary). Then use this to sketch the curve, complete with arrows indicating the direction of increasing time.

11) If  $f$  is a vector-valued function with values in two dimensions and its magnitude is a nonzero constant, what geometric shape does the graph of  $f$  live on? Without actually doing any calculations, draw a picture to find the dot product of  $f(a)$  with its derivative at  $t = a$ .

12) Establish a general formula for the derivative of  $\|f(t)\|^2$  where  $f$  is vector-valued in three dimensions and use this to get the analogous result from problem 5) in three dimensions.

13) If  $f(t) = \langle -t^3, 2t, 4t^2 \rangle$ , find the derivative of  $f' \times f''$  using the formula  $\frac{d}{dt}(g \times f) = g \times f' + g' \times f$ .

14) Let  $v_1, v_2$ , and  $v_3$  be nonzero, pairwise orthogonal vectors in three dimensions. Show that if there are real numbers  $a_1, a_2$ , and  $a_3$  with

$$a_1 v_1 + a_2 v_2 + a_3 v_3 = 0$$

then  $a_1 = a_2 = a_3 = 0$ .