

Winter 2015 Exam 2

(1) a)  $\begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

c)  $\begin{bmatrix} \cos(2\pi/3) & -\sin(2\pi/3) & 0 \\ \sin(2\pi/3) & \cos(2\pi/3) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

=  $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

d)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -8 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -1/2 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1/6 & -\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} & -8 \\ \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{6} & -7/2 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2) a) i) zero vector  $(0, 0, 0, 0)$

$$0 = 0 + 0 \geq 0 \quad \checkmark$$

ii) addition + scalar mult.

Let  $(x_1, y_1, z_1, w_1), (x_2, y_2, z_2, w_2) \in W$

and  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then

$$x_1 + w_1 = y_1 + z_1, \quad x_2 + w_2 = y_2 + z_2$$

Then

$$c((x_1, y_1, z_1, w_1) + (x_2, y_2, z_2, w_2))$$

$$= (cx_1 + x_2, cy_1 + y_2, cz_1 + z_2, cw_1 + w_2)$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & (c(x_1+x_2)) + (c(\omega_1+\omega_2)) \\ &= c(x_1+\omega_1) + (x_2+\omega_2) \\ &= c(y_1+z_1) + (y_2+z_2) \\ &= (cy_1+cz_1) + (cz_1+cz_2) \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

b) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \in S$

$$A+B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \notin S \text{ since}$$

$$1 \neq 0$$

3) Don't need to know this

4) a) Column space:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ -12 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

kernel :

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 5 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -12 & 4 & 8 \\ -1 & 14 & -5 & -11 \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

So rref

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 5 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -12 & 4 & 8 & 0 \\ -1 & 14 & -5 & -11 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 5/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1/3 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_0 \\ x + \gamma_3 z + 5/l_3 \omega = 0$$

$$y - \gamma_3 z - 2/l_3 \omega = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5/l_3 \\ 2/l_3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -\gamma_3 \\ 1/l_3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

b)

$$\text{Ker}(\tau) = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \mid \tau \left( \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

So

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \tau \left( \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a+d}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a+d}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{So } \frac{a+d}{2} = 0, \quad a = -d$$

$$\text{Ker}(\tau) = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & -a \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b, c \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

Let  $\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ c_1 & d_1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} a_2 & b_2 \\ c_2 & d_2 \end{bmatrix} \in M_2(\mathbb{R})$

and  $k \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then

$$T\left(k \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ c_1 & d_1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a_2 & b_2 \\ c_2 & d_2 \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

$$= T\left(\begin{bmatrix} ka_1 + a_2 & kb_1 + b_2 \\ kc_1 + c_2 & kd_1 + d_2 \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{ka_1 + a_2 + kd_1 + d_2}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{ka_1 + a_2 + kd_1 + d_2}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{ka_1 + kd_1}{2} + \frac{a_2 + d_2}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{ka_1 + kd_1}{2} + \frac{a_2 + d_2}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{k(a_1 + d_1)}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{k(a_1 + d_1)}{2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a_2 + d_2}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a_2 + d_2}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= k \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a_1 + d_1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a_1 + d_1}{2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a_2 + d_2}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{a_2 + d_2}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= k \bar{T} \left( \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ c_1 & d_1 \end{bmatrix} \right) + T \left( \begin{bmatrix} a_2 & b_2 \\ c_2 & d_2 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$