Name:

# Math 227 Exam 3 

November 30, 2023

## Directions:

1. WRITE YOUR NAME ON THIS TEST!
2. Except where indicated, merely finding the answer to a problem is not enough to receive full credit; you must show how you arrived at that answer.
3. Unless otherwise indicated, decimal approximations for a numerical answer accurate to 4 decimal places are acceptable.
4. If you have a question, raise your hand or come up and ask me.
1) Let

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{cc}
-68 & 46 \\
-138 & 93
\end{array}\right]
$$

a) Compute all eigenvalues of $A$ BY HAND.
b) What is the one vector in $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ that has no possibility of being an eigenvector for $A$ ?
c) If $\left[\begin{array}{c}-3 \\ 2\end{array}\right]$ is orthogonal to one of the eigenvectors of $A$, find an eigenvector of $A$.
2) Given the points $(2,4),(-3,3),(4,0)$, and $(1,2)$, in $\mathbb{R}^{2}$, find the best-fit LINE to the points by
a) Finding a system of linear equations that represents a "solution" to the problem,
b) Writing the problem as a matrix equation $A \vec{x}=\vec{b}$,
c) Finding the system $A^{t} A \vec{x}=A^{t} \vec{b}$, computing both $A^{t} A$ and $A^{t} \vec{b}$,
d) Solving the system in c) and producing the polynomial.
3) Given the simplified link diagram between webpages $P_{1}, P_{2}$, and $P_{3}$ described by

- $P_{1}$ links to $P_{3}$
- $P_{2}$ doesn't link to anything,
- $P_{3}$ links to $P_{1}$ and $P_{2}$,
a) Construct the link matrix $A$.
b) Find the normalized matrix $B$.
c) Calculate the PageRank matrix $C$, using $d=.85=17 / 20$.

3) (continued) d) What number is the matrix $C$ guaranteed to have as an eigenvalue?
e) If an associated eigenvector $\vec{v}$ to the eigenvalue from d) is

$$
\left[\begin{array}{l}
57 \\
57 \\
74
\end{array}\right]
$$

find the PageRank of $P_{3}$.
4) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{3} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2}$,

$$
T\left(\left[\begin{array}{l}
x \\
y \\
z
\end{array}\right]\right)=\left[\begin{array}{c}
x+6 y-3 z \\
-7 x-42 y+21 z
\end{array}\right]
$$

a) Determine a matrix representation $A$ for $T$.
b) Find two vectors in $\operatorname{ker}(T)$ that are not multiples of eachother. Geometrically, what does this tell you $\operatorname{ker}(T)$ must be?
c) Find the closest vector in $\operatorname{Ran}(T)$ to $\left[\begin{array}{l}7 \\ 2\end{array}\right]$.

